

Development Charge Primer

Finance and Administration Committee Meeting January 17, 2023



What are Development Charges (DCs)?

- Development charges are a cost recovery tool that ensures that "growth pays for growth" (mostly)
- Levied on developers to recover a portion of the growthrelated infrastructure costs associated with new development
- Charges are imposed on a per-unit basis for new residential development; imposed on a per square foot basis for nonresidential
- Existing taxpayers and water/sewer rate payers fund operations, maintenance and rehabilitation, and replacement capital costs (and paid DCs when new)



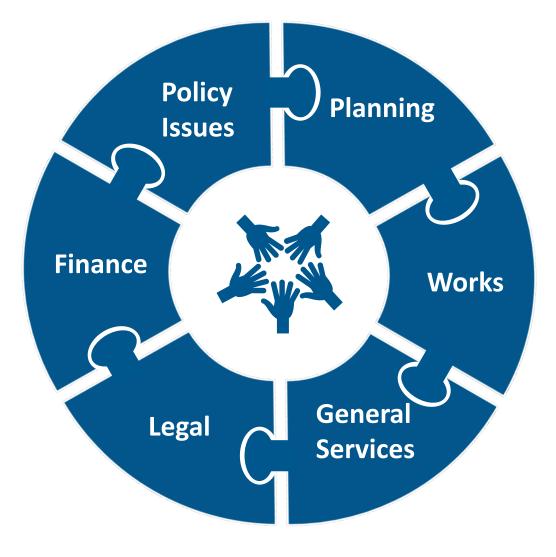
New Development = Increased Service Demand





How a DC By-Law is Developed

Multi-Departmental Project



- Population and Employment Forecasts
- 10 year Capital Program
- Economic and Financial Analysis
- Policy Formulation
- Input from Regional Departments
- Feedback from Area Municipalities
- Development Industry Feedback
- Interested Parties Feedback & Public Consultation including BILD and Home Builders Associations



Procedure for Establishing a By-Law

Process	Task	Time Frame	
Background Study	Analysis and Policy Review	Approx. a year	
Public Consultation	Public Meeting Notice in newspapers	20 days prior to public meeting	
	Release Background Studies & proposed by-laws	14 days prior to public meeting; 60 days prior to passage of By-law	
	Consultation with interested parties	Before and after public release of Background Study	
	Public Meetings of Council	Based on Regional Council Requirements	
	Final Date for Public Comment		
Council Approval	COW-Final DC by-laws	Based on Regional Council Requirements	
	Regional Council		
Implementation	Implementation of DC by-laws	Based on Regional Council Requirements	
Notice and Appeals	Newspaper & other notice of by-law passage	By 20 days after passage of by-law	
	Last day for by-law appeal	By 40 days after passage of by-law	
	Pamphlet	By 60 days after in-force date durham.ca	

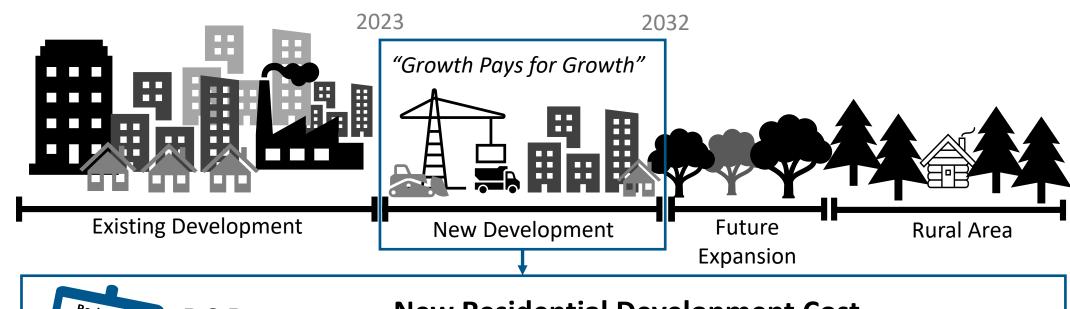


How DC Rates are Determined

- Forecast the amount, type and location of growth
- Forecast the infrastructure required to accommodate that growth
- Estimate the capital cost of new growth-related infrastructure
 - Restricted to historical service levels for soft services
- Reduce the capital costs to only the Regional growth portion
 - Benefit to existing
 - Post-period benefit beyond forecast period
 - Grant/Subsidies
 - Existing Reserve Fund Balances
- Use the forecasted growth and infrastructure costs to calculate DC rates



Development Charge Calculation









Residential DC Services and Current Rates

	Service Area	Single/Semi Rate
\bigcirc	Water Supply	\$12,342
	Sanitary Sewerage	\$12,013
\$5\$	Regional Roads	\$12,119
	Regional Police Services	\$936
	Long-term Care	\$312
	Paramedic Services	\$246
	Regional Transit ¹	\$1,747
	GO Transit ²	\$814
	Total ^{3,4}	\$40,529

- ¹ Regional Transit DC by-law #39-2022 are now phased-in at 80%
- ² GO Transit DC by-law #86-2001 (as amended by Province)
- ³ Regional DC by-law expires June 30, 2023
- ⁴ Housing Services DC of \$562 now ineligible



Non-Residential DC Services and Current Rates (per sq. ft.)

	Service Area	Industrial	Commercial	Institutional
\bigcirc	Water Supply	\$3.66	\$4.59	\$1.11
	Sanitary Sewerage	\$4.41	\$7.71	\$1.36
	Regional Roads	\$4.24	\$11.16	\$9.40
	Regional Transit ¹	\$0.79	\$0.79	\$0.79
	Total ²	\$13.10	\$24.25	\$12.66

¹ Regional Transit DC by-law #39-2022 and now phased-in at 80%

² Regional DC by-law expires June 30, 2023



Where do the funds go?

- Shown as Deferred Revenue and held in Reserve Funds
 - DCs are allocated to DC reserve funds for each service type and used to fund growth-related capital projects
 - Held in trust to spend on eligible growth-related projects
- Water/Sewer growth related capital projects are funded primarily through user rates and DC's
- Roads and other services' capital projects are funded primarily through property taxes and DC's



Reporting and Auditing DCs

- Treasurer's Annual Statement (F&A report done in June)
 - As prescribed by the DCA
 - Opening/Closing reserve fund balances of each year
 - Current distribution of the DC proceeds
 - Financing
 - Interest
- Annual Financial Audited Statements of the Region



DC Policies

Redevelopment Charge Credit

 Provides credit for a reduction in DCs where existing buildings and structures are demolished and replaced/converted to another use

Region Share Policy

 Region to pay for the share of oversizing of infrastructure beyond what is required by the developer

Well Interference Policy

 Provides relief to residential property owners in situations where their private well has potentially been negatively impacted by the construction of Regional services

Indexing

Non-Residential Building Construction Price Index (Statistics Canada)



Other Policies and Exemptions

Collection Policy

Residential Subdivision Agreements: 100% at signing OR

50% of Water/Sewer/Roads DC at signing and balance by 1 year anniversary of signing and letter of credit for 55%

WITH

100% at Building Permit, whichever is first

 Other: At Building Permit issuance or on deferred payment basis for rental housing, retirement, and long-term care homes starting at occupancy

Non-Statutory Exemptions

- Agricultural uses
- Places of worship
- Parking structures (above or below ground)
- 2018 DC by-law broadened exemptions for secondary units within an existing residential unit to include units detached from the existing unit



Bill 23: What is changing?



Development charge by-law expires ten years after it comes into force (previously expired after five years)



Retroactive 5 year phase-in of DC rates for new bylaws as of January 1, 2022 (Impacted the Region's transit DC by-law of July 1, 2022)



Discounts for rentals and exemptions for affordable, attainable, non-profit and inclusionary zoning developments



Bill 23: What is changing?



Remove Housing Services DC of \$562/single unit



Historical Level of Service Extended to 15 years from 10 years



Remove the cost of certain studies from DC calculation (and potentially certain land, however Province has not yet identified)



Bill 23: What is changing?



Spend or allocate at least 60 per cent of the monies that are in a reserve fund



Maximum interest rates that municipalities can charge

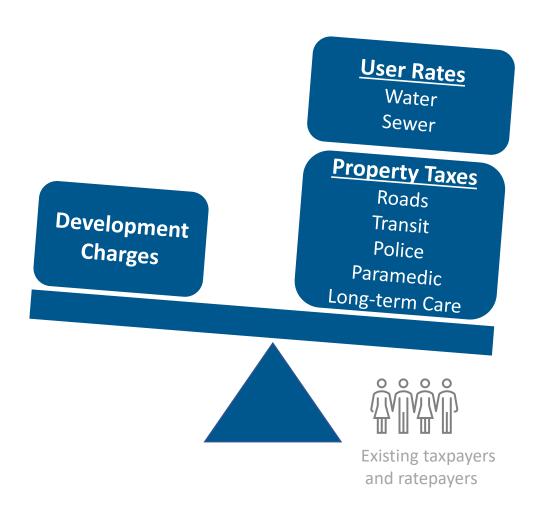


Exemptions for second and third units on existing residential properties



Financial Implications

- Development charges mainly fund growth-related capital costs for roads, transit, police, paramedic, and long-term care
- Property Taxes and User Rates are used to pay for infrastructure rehabilitation/replacement and operating costs
- DC shortfalls are funded through user rate (Water/Sewer) and property tax increases





New By-Law Update Needed Spring 2023

	Public Meeting Notice placed in newspapers	March 8, 2023	
Public Consultation	Release of Background studies & proposed by- laws	March 14, 2023	
Tublic Collisariation	Consultation with interested parties March-April		
	Public Meetings of Council March 29, 20		
	Final Date for Public Comment	April 21, 2023	
	COW-Final DC by-laws	May 10, 2023	
Council Approval	Regional Council	May 24, 2023	
Implementation	Implementation of DC by-laws	July 1, 2023	
	Newspaper and other notice given of by-law passage	By 20 days after passage of by-law	
Notice and Appeals	Last day for by-law appeal	By 40 days after passage of by-law	
	Region makes available pamphlet	By 60 days after in-force date	



Questions

Mary Simpson

Director of Risk Management, Economic Studies and Procurement Division

Mary.Simpson@durham.ca

durham.ca

@RegionofDurham f in 🖸







